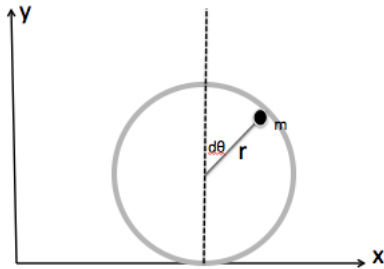


Classical Mechanics - PHYS 310 - Fall 2013 HW # 9
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 Please return it by the 13th November 2013

- Problem 1** A point particle of mass m is constrained to move frictionlessly on the inside of a circular wire hoop of radius r , uniform density and mass M . The hoop is in the x - y plane, can roll on a fixed line (the x -axis), but does not slide, nor can it lose contact with the x -axis. The point particle is acted on by gravity exerting force along the negative y -axis. At $t = 0$, suppose the hoop is at rest. At this time, the particle is at the top of the hoop, and is given a velocity v_0 along the x -axis. What is the velocity v_f , with respect to the fixed axis, when the particle comes to the bottom of the hoop? Simplify your answer in the limits $m/M \rightarrow 0$, and $M/m \rightarrow 0$.



15 points

- Problem 2** Consider a particle of mass m which is constrained to move on the surface of a sphere of radius R . There are no external forces of any kind on the particle.
 - What are the generalized coordinates necessary to describe this problem?
 - What is the Hamiltonian of the system? Is the Hamiltonian conserved?
 - Set up the Hamilton's equation of motion.

15 points

- Problem 3** A particle under the action of gravity slides on the inside of a paraboloid of revolution whose axis is vertical. (Suppose the paraboloid of revolution is generated by parabola which is defined by $z = Ar^2$ in cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ, z)). Using the distance from the axis r , and the azimuthal angle ϕ as generalized coordinates, Find
 - The Lagrangian of the system
 - The generalized momenta and the corresponding Hamiltonian
 - The equation of motion
 - If $\dot{\phi} = 0$, show that the particle can execute small oscillations about the lowest point of the paraboloid, and find the frequency of these oscillations.

15 points

- Problem 4** Describe, why the motion of a particle in a central force field can be explained by plane polar coordinates,

10 points

- **Problem 5** Find the force law of a central force field that allows a particle to move in a spiral orbit given by $r = k\theta^2$, where k is a constant.

10 points