

① Starting from the free Green's function expression

$$G_0(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int \frac{d^2 k_\perp}{(2\pi)^2} e^{i \vec{k}_\perp \cdot (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')_\perp} \frac{1}{2k_\perp} e^{-k_\perp |z - z'|}$$

and using cylindrical variables to write  $d^2 k_\perp = k_\perp dk_\perp d\alpha$

we have

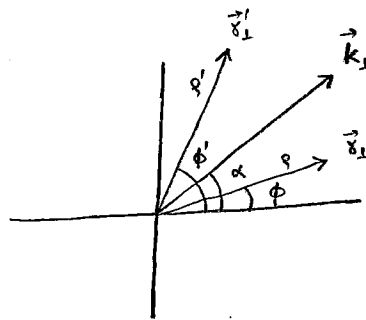
$$G_0(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_0^\alpha dk_\perp e^{-k_\perp |z - z'|} J_0(k_\perp P)$$

$$\vec{P} = (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')_\perp$$

where

$$J_0(k_\perp P) = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{i \vec{k}_\perp \cdot (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')_\perp}$$

$$P = \sqrt{r^2 + r'^2 - 2rr' \cos(\phi - \phi')}$$



② Bessel function of  $m$ -th order,  $J_m(t)$ , is defined to be Fourier components (upto  $i^m$ ) of  $e^{it \cos \alpha}$ . Thus,

$$e^{it \cos \alpha} = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{im\alpha} i^m J_m(t),$$

$$i^m J_m(t) = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{-im\alpha} e^{it \cos \alpha},$$

which serves as the integral representation of  $J_m(t)$ .

③ Addition formula for Bessel function is the generalization of the addition formula for trigonometric function

$$\cos(\theta - \theta') = \cos \theta \cos \theta' + \sin \theta \sin \theta'.$$

To derive the addition formula we begin with ①

$$\begin{aligned} J_0(k_\perp \rho) &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{i \vec{k}_\perp \cdot (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')_\perp} \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{i \vec{k}_\perp \cdot \vec{r}} e^{-i \vec{k}_\perp \cdot \vec{r}'} \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{im(\phi-\alpha)} i^m J_m(k_\perp \rho) \sum_{m'=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-im'(\phi'-\alpha)} (-i)^{m'} J_{m'}(k_\perp \rho') \\ &= \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{m'=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{im\phi - im'\phi'} i^m (-i)^{m'} J_m(k_\perp \rho) J_{m'}(k_\perp \rho') \underbrace{\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{i\alpha(m'-m)}}_{\delta_{mm'}} \\ &= \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{im(\phi-\phi')} J_m(k_\perp \rho) J_m(k_\perp \rho'), \end{aligned}$$

which is more explicitly written as

$$J_0\left(k_\perp \sqrt{\rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho' \cos(\phi-\phi')}\right) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{im(\phi-\phi')} J_m(k_\perp \rho) J_m(k_\perp \rho').$$

④ The power series for Bessel function of  $m$ -th order can be derived from the integral representation.

$$i^m J_m(t) = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{-im\alpha} e^{it \cos \alpha}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha}}{2}$$

$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

$$J_m(t) = \frac{1}{i^m} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{-im\alpha} e^{i\frac{t}{2}e^{i\alpha}} e^{i\frac{t}{2}e^{-i\alpha}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{i^m} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{-im\alpha} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left(i\frac{t}{2}e^{i\alpha}\right)^n \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} \left(i\frac{t}{2}e^{-i\alpha}\right)^k$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \frac{1}{k!} i^{n+k-m} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{n+k} \underbrace{\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\alpha}{2\pi} e^{i\alpha(n-m-k)}}_{\delta_{n,m+k}}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(m+k)!} \frac{1}{k!} i^{2k} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{m+2k}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(m+k)! k!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{m+2k}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^m - \frac{1}{(m+1)!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{m+2} + \dots$$