Homework No. 13 (2018 Fall)

PHYS 320: Electricity and Magnetism I

Due date: Friday, 2018 Dec 7, 2:00 PM, in class

1. (20 points.) A monochromatic plana wave is characterized by the direction of propagation **k**, the electric field **E**, and the magnetic field **B**, that satisfy

$$\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0, \quad \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \quad \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega \mathbf{B}, \quad \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{B} = -\frac{\omega}{c^2} \mathbf{E}.$$
 (1)

These equations further imply $k = \omega/c$. At the interface of two materials, Snell's law of refraction states that the direction of propagation \mathbf{k} bends towards the normal vector to the interface when the plane wave goes from a region of lower refractive index to a region of higher refractive index. Verify that the direction of the electric field bends away from the normal vector to the interface in the same scenario.

2. (20 points.) Consider a uniformly polarized half-slab, that occupies half of space, and has the direction of its polarization transverse to the direction $\hat{\mathbf{z}}$ normal to the surface of slab, described by

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{r}) = \sigma \,\hat{\mathbf{y}} \,\theta(-z),\tag{2}$$

where σ is the polarization per unit area of the slab. Determine the effective charge density by evaluating

$$\rho_{\text{eff}}(\mathbf{r}) = -\nabla \cdot \mathbf{P}.\tag{3}$$

What can you say about the electric field, inside and outside the slab?