

Homework No. 01 (2020 Spring)

PHYS 301: THEORETICAL METHODS IN PHYSICS

Department of Physics, Southern Illinois University–Carbondale

Due date: Monday, 2020 Jan 20, 9:00 AM, in class

0. Problems 1, 2, and 5 are to be submitted for assessment. Rest are for practice.
0. Keywords: Complex numbers, n th roots of unity.
0. Reference: Chapters VIII, IX, and XI, in Advanced Trigonometry, by Durell and Robson, which is a popular high school textbook.
1. **(10 points.)** Find the real and imaginary part of the following functions of the complex variable $z = x + iy$.

$$f = \frac{1}{z^2}, \quad (1a)$$

$$f = e^{iz}, \quad (1b)$$

$$f = \ln z, \quad (1c)$$

$$f = \sqrt{z}. \quad (1d)$$

2. **(10 points.)** For a given complex number z , say

$$z = \sqrt{2} e^{i\frac{\pi}{3}}, \quad (2)$$

evaluate

$$z^2, z^3, z^4, z^5, z^6, z^7, z^8, z^9, z^{10}. \quad (3)$$

Mark all of them on the complex plane. Decipher the pattern.

3. **(10 points.)** (Refer Arfken) The complex quantities

$$a = u + iv, \quad (4a)$$

$$b = x + iy \quad (4b)$$

may also be represented as two-dimensional vectors

$$\mathbf{a} = \hat{\mathbf{x}}u + \hat{\mathbf{y}}v, \quad (5a)$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \hat{\mathbf{x}}x + \hat{\mathbf{y}}y. \quad (5b)$$

Show that

$$(a^*)b = \mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} + i\hat{\mathbf{z}} \cdot \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}. \quad (6)$$

4. **(20 points.)** Find the cube roots of unity by solving the equation

$$z^3 = 1. \quad (7)$$

Mark the points corresponding to the three roots on the complex plane.

5. **(20 points.)** Let

$$z_0 = 2 + i11. \quad (8)$$

Find the three roots the equation

$$z^3 = z_0. \quad (9)$$

Mark the points corresponding to the three roots on the complex plane.

6. **(30 points.)** Find the fifth roots of unity by solving the equation

$$z^5 = 1. \quad (10)$$

Mark the points corresponding to the five roots on the complex plane. Find the five roots of the equation

$$z^5 = -1. \quad (11)$$

Mark the roots on the complex plane. Next, find the roots of the equation

$$z^5 = i \quad (12)$$

and mark the roots on the complex plane. Repeat the exercise for $z^5 = -i$. How do these roots match with the fifth roots of unity?

7. **(20 points.)** Find all z that satisfies the equation

$$e^z = e^{iz}. \quad (13)$$

Show them on a complex plane.