

Homework No. 12 (2020 Fall)

PHYS 320: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM I

Due date: Friday, 2020 Dec 4, 2:00 PM, on D2L

1. (20 points.) A monochromatic plane electromagnetic wave is described by electric and magnetic fields of the form

$$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{E}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r} - i\omega t}, \quad (1a)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{B}_0 e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r} - i\omega t}, \quad (1b)$$

where \mathbf{E}_0 and \mathbf{B}_0 are constants. Assume no charges or currents.

- (a) Using Maxwell's equations show that

$$\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0, \quad (2a)$$

$$\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \quad (2b)$$

$$\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega \mathbf{B}, \quad (2c)$$

$$\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{B} = -\frac{\omega}{c^2} \mathbf{E}, \quad (2d)$$

where $\varepsilon_0 \mu_0 = 1/c^2$.

- (b) For non-trivial cases ($\mathbf{E}_0 \neq 0$ and $\mathbf{B}_0 \neq 0$), using Eqs. (2), show that we have

$$ck = \omega. \quad (3)$$

Then, deduce the relations

$$\mathbf{E}^* \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0, \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{E}^* \times \mathbf{B} = \hat{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{c} |\mathbf{E}|^2 = \hat{\mathbf{k}} c |\mathbf{B}|^2. \quad (5)$$

Thus, we have

$$E = cB. \quad (6)$$

- (c) Evaluate the electromagnetic energy density

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{D}^* \cdot \mathbf{E} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{B}^* \cdot \mathbf{H} \quad (7)$$

and the electromagnetic momentum density

$$\mathbf{G} = \mathbf{D}^* \times \mathbf{B}. \quad (8)$$

Then, determine the ratio U/G . What is the interpretation?