

Homework No. 02 (Fall 2020)

PHYS 520A: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY I

Department of Physics, Southern Illinois University–Carbondale

Due date: Friday, 2020 Sep 4, 11.00am

1. (10 points.) Show that

$$\nabla(\hat{\mathbf{r}} \cdot \mathbf{a}) = -\frac{1}{r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \times (\hat{\mathbf{r}} \times \mathbf{a}) \quad (1)$$

for a uniform (homogeneous in space) vector \mathbf{a} .

2. (10 points.) Evaluate the number evaluated by the expression

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right] \cdot (\rho \hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}}), \quad (2)$$

where $\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$ and $\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}$ are the unit vectors for cylindrical coordinates (ρ, ϕ) given by

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\rho}} = \cos \phi \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \sin \phi \hat{\mathbf{j}}, \quad (3)$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} = -\sin \phi \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \cos \phi \hat{\mathbf{j}}. \quad (4)$$

3. (10 points.) Show that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx f(x) \delta(x^2 - a^2) = \begin{cases} \frac{f(a)}{|a|}, & \text{if } f(a) \text{ is an even function,} \\ 0, & \text{if } f(a) \text{ is an odd function.} \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

4. (10 points.) A uniformly charged infinitely thin disc of radius R and total charge Q is placed on the x - y plane such that the normal vector is along the z axis and the center of the disc at the origin. Write down the charge density of the disc in terms of δ -function(s). Integrate over the charge density and verify that it returns the total charge on the disc.