

Ready for the Physics Class in Spring 2021?

Do you anticipate any Hiccups ?

Physics Department is offering Problem Solving Classes to help you through University Physics PHYS 205A/PHYS 205B.

- PHYS 206 A – Problem Solving for PHYS 205 A
- PHYS 206 B – Problem Solving for PHYS 205 B

Student-Engaged Problem Solving. Class meets 1 hour/week

Seats are limited. Enroll early. Finish the semester with a better grade for

University Physics

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Let's have Fun Solving Physics Problems.

$W = f d \cos \theta$
 $KE = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$
 $W_{net} = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_0^2$
 $PE_g = mgh$
 $PE_s = \frac{1}{2} k x^2$
 $KE_0 + PE_0 = KE_f + PE_f$
 $KE_0 + PE_0 + W_{nc} = KE_f + PE_f$
 $Eff = \frac{W_{out}}{E_{in}}$
 $P = \frac{W}{t}$
 $b = \frac{c}{M}$
 $= \frac{E^{in}}{M^{out}}$
 $M^{nc} = KE^k + bE^k$
 $E^0 = KE^k + bE^k$
 $E^0 = \frac{S}{J} k x_s$
 $E^0 = \omega \partial y$
 $\frac{S}{J} \omega \Omega_s^k - \frac{S}{J} \omega \Omega_s^0$
 $b = \frac{S}{J} \omega \Omega_s$

$R = \sqrt{R_x^2 + R_y^2}$
 $\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{R_y}{R_x}$
 $h = \frac{v_{0y}^2}{2g}$
 $R = \frac{v_0^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$
 $v_x = v \cos \theta$
 $v_y = v \sin \theta$
 $v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2}$
 $\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{v_y}{v_x}$

$P = \frac{W_{in}}{t}$