Homework No. 10 (Spring 2021)

PHYS 205A: University Physics

Due date: Wednesday, 2021 Apr 21, 11:55 AM, on D2L

Instructions

- Describe your thought process in detail and organize it clearly. Make sure your answer has the correct units and the right number of significant digits.
- After completion, scan the pages as a single PDF file, and submit the file on D2L (under Assesments → Assignments).

Problems

1. (**10 points.**) A motorcycle accelerates uniformly from rest and reaches a linear speed of 24.0 m/s in a time of 8.00 s. The radius of each tire is 0.300 m. What is the magnitude of the angular acceleration of each tire?

2. (**10 points.**) The center of mass of an elongated block of mass M, with non-uniform mass distribution inside it, may be determined by an arrangement shown in Figure 1 below. The block is placed on a plank of mass $m = 0$ that rests on two scales separated by a distance equal to the length $L = 2.00\,\text{m}$ of the block. The scales that measure the normal forces read $N_2 = 450.0\,\text{N}$ and $N_1 = 350.0\,\text{N}$. Determine the distance x of the center of mass of the block from one end.

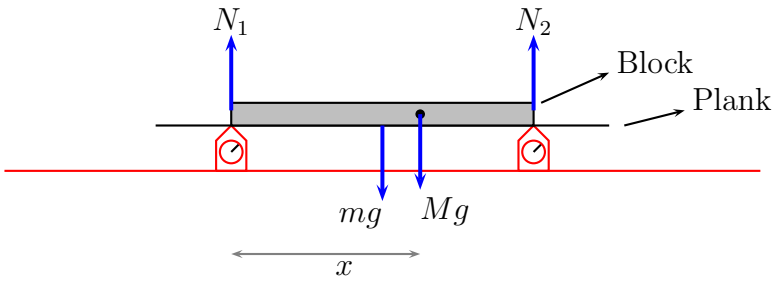

Figure 1: Problem 2.

3. (**10 points.**) Workers have loaded a delivery truck in such a way that its center of mass is only slightly forward of the rear axle. The mass of the truck and its contents is 7500 kg. Find the magnitude of the normal force exerted by the ground on the rear wheels of the truck.

4. (**10 points.**) Five balls of masses $m_1 = 1.0\,\text{kg}$, $m_2 = 2.0\,\text{kg}$, $m_3 = 3.0\,\text{kg}$, $m_4 = 4.0\,\text{kg}$, and $m_0 = 5.0\,\text{kg}$, are connected by massless rods of length $a = 10.0\,\text{cm}$ and $b = 15.0\,\text{cm}$, as shown in Figure 2. This configuration is rotated about an axis coming out of the plane containing the five masses and passing through the mass m_3. The inertia associated with this rotational motion is quantified by the moment of inertia. Compute the moment of inertia.

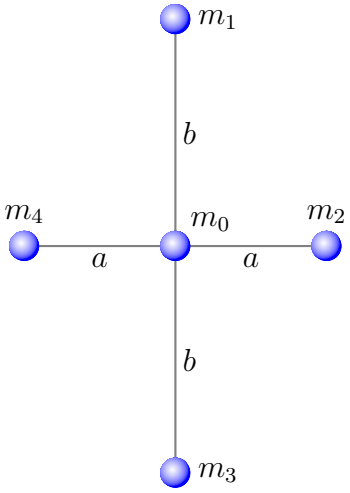

Figure 2: Problem 4.

5. (**10 points.**) An object in the shape of a spherical shell, (with $I = \frac{2}{3}MR^2$ when the axis of rotation passes through the center of sphere,) rolls perfectly (without sliding or slipping) on the surface of an incline that makes an angle 30° with the horizontal. What is the acceleration of the shell?