

Solutions

PHYS-203A-002

(Midterm Exam 01)

Fall 2021

①

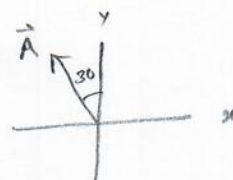
Problem 1

$$9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \left(\frac{1 \text{ km}}{1000 \text{ m}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \times 60 \text{ s}}{1 \text{ hour}} \right)^2$$
$$= 1.3 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hour}^2}$$

Problem 2

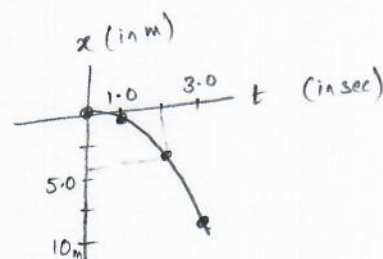
$$\vec{A} = -15 \sin 30 \hat{i} + 15 \cos 30 \hat{j}$$

$$A_x = -15 \sin 30 = -7.5 \text{ m}$$



Problem 3

t	0	1.0 s	2.0 s	3.0 s
x	0	-1.0 m	-4.0 m	-9.0 m



Problem 4

$9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$ vertically downwards.

Problem 5

Horizontal velocity remains the same. Thus, it lands with a horizontal velocity of $50.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$.

Problem 6

$$[m^2 c^4] = [P^2 c^2]$$

$$[m]^2 [c]^4 = [P]^2 [c]^2$$

$$[P] = [m][c]$$

$$= M L T^{-1}$$

Problem 7

$$\vec{A} = +5.0 \sin 30^\circ \hat{i} - 5.0 \cos 30^\circ \hat{j}$$

$$= +2.5 \hat{i} - 4.3 \hat{j}$$

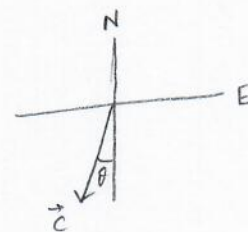
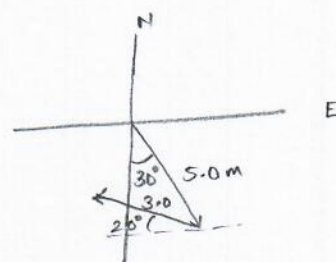
$$\vec{B} = -3.0 \cos 20^\circ \hat{i} + 3.0 \sin 20^\circ \hat{j}$$

$$= -2.8 \hat{i} + 1.0 \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{C} = \vec{A} + \vec{B} = -0.3 \hat{i} - 3.3 \hat{j}$$

$$|\vec{C}| = \sqrt{0.3^2 + 3.3^2} = 3.3 \text{ m}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{0.3}{3.3} \right) = 5.2^\circ \text{ W of S.}$$



Problem 8

$\Delta y = ?$

$V_i = \text{missing}$

$a = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$

$\Delta t = 1.5 \text{ s}$

$V_f = 0$



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= V_f \Delta t - \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \\ &= 0(\Delta t) - \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (1.5)^2 \\ &= 11 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

Problem 9

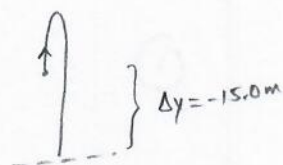
$\Delta y = -15.0 \text{ m}$

$V_i = +4.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$a = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$

$\Delta t = \text{missing}$

$V_f = ?$



$$\begin{aligned}V_f^2 &= V_i^2 + 2a \Delta y \\ &= (4.0)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-15.0)\end{aligned}$$

$V_f = 18 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

Problem 10x-dir

$\Delta x = 1.50 \text{ m}$

$\Delta t = 0.49 \text{ s}$

$V_{ix} = ?$

y-dir

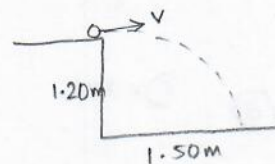
$\Delta y = -1.20 \text{ m}$

$\Delta t = 0.49 \text{ s}$

$a = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$

$V_{iy} = 0$

$V_{fy} =$



$$\begin{aligned}\Delta y &= V_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a \Delta t^2 \\ -1.20 &= 0 + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) \Delta t^2\end{aligned}$$

$\Delta t = 0.49 \text{ s}$

$$\begin{aligned}V_{ix} &= \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{1.50}{0.49} \\ &= 3.1 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}\end{aligned}$$