

Homework No. 12 (Spring 2022)

PHYS 205A-001: University Physics

Due date: Friday, 2022 Apr 29, 11:59 PM, on D2L

Instructions

- To the extent to which you depend on resources to complete this homework is a measure of how much extra work you need to put in to master the related concepts. Solutions are available at <http://sphics.com/tc/202101-SIU-P205A/>.
- Describe your thought process in detail and organize it clearly. Make sure your answer has the correct units and the right number of significant digits.
- After completion, scan the pages as a single PDF file, and submit the file on D2L (under Assessments → Assignments).

Problems

1. (**10 points.**) Three identical stars, each of mass m , are positioned at the corners of a square of edge length L .
 - (a) Find the magnitude and direction of the gravitational field at the vacant corner of the square due to the three stars.
 - (b) Find the magnitude and direction of the gravitational force a planet of mass M would experience if it is placed in the vacant corner.
 - (c) Find the magnitude and direction of the gravitational field at the center of the square.
2. (**10 points.**) Determine the expression for the gravitational field at point \mathcal{O} in Figure 1, along the bisector of the line segment connecting two identical stars, masses $m_1 = m_2 = m$, that are separated by distance $2a$.
3. (**10 points.**) Four identical stars, each of mass m , are positioned at the corners of a square of edge length L .
 - (a) Find the gravitational potential at a distance very far away from the square, that is, at infinity.
 - (b) Find the gravitational potential at the center of the square.
 - (c) Find the gravitational potential at the center of one of the edges of the square.

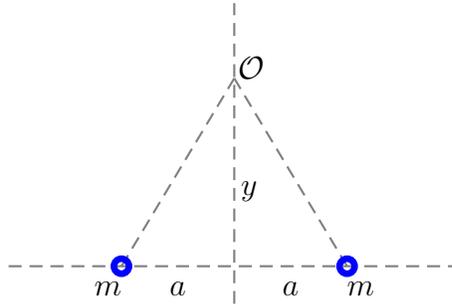


Figure 1: Problem 2

(d) How much work is done by the gravitational forces when a mass M is moved from infinity to the center of the square?

Refer Errata on course webpage for errors in the solution for Problem 3d. There, search for 2021 Spring, HW-12.

4. **(10 points.)** Three identical stars, of mass m each, are positioned at the corners of an equilateral triangle of edge length a . Find the expression for the gravitational potential energy of this three-body configuration up to a constant.
5. **(10 points.)** At the surface of Earth a rocket is launched in the radially outward direction with a speed equal to the orbital speed of the International Space Station (~ 7.7 km/s). Neglecting the gravitational influence of the Sun and other planets, and air resistance, determine how far the rocket would go. Compare this distance to the Earth-Moon distance. Next, derive the escape velocity of Earth.